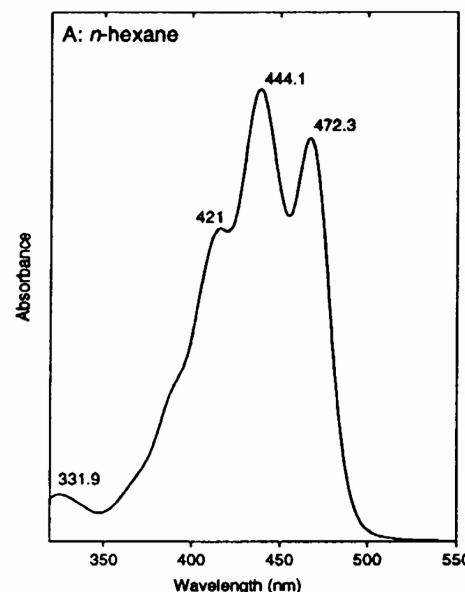


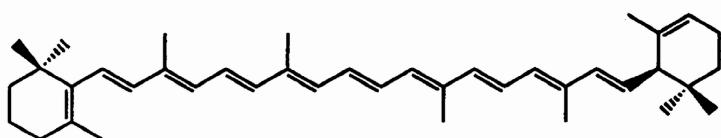
β , ϵ -carotene

HPLC peak 51

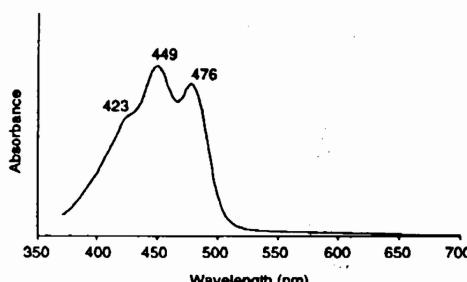
Standard spectrum in reference solvents



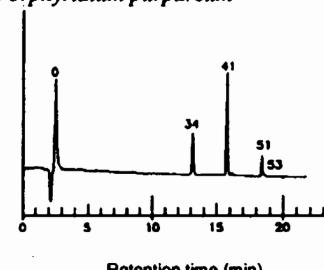
Molecular structure



Diode array spectrum in SCOR eluant



HPLC: β , ϵ -carotene, peak 51 *Porphyridium purpureum*



β,ϵ -Carotene

Property

Data

Name: (Trivial)
(IUPAC)

α -Carotene
(6'R)- β , ϵ -carotene

SCOR abbreviation:

$\beta\epsilon$ -car

Occurrence:

Minor or trace pigment in green algae,
cryptomonads, red algae

Colour:

Yellow

Molecular formula:

C₄₀H₅₆

Molecular weight:

536.88

Specific extinction coefficient:

E₁^{1%} cm (100 ml g⁻¹ cm⁻¹)

2700 (at 448 nm in acetone)
Hiyama *et al.* (1969)
2800 (at 444 nm in petroleum ether)
Davies (1976)

Molar extinction coefficient:

ϵ (l mol⁻¹ cm⁻¹)

145 x 10³ (at 448 nm in acetone)
150 x 10³ (at 444 nm in petroleum ether)

Calculated from E₁^{1%} cm above

UV-vis spectra:

Solvent	Maxima (nm)			Band ratio %III:II	Reference
	I	II	III		
Acetone	424	448	476		Hiyama <i>et al.</i> (1969)
Acetone	(422)	447	475	53	SCOR WG 78 data
Hexane	421	444	472	62	SCOR WG 78 data
Hexane	420	442	472		Valadon & Mummery (1967)
HPLC Eluant	(423)	447	474	58	SCOR WG 78: Mantoura & Llewellyn (1983) method
HPLC Eluant	(423)	449	476	47	SCOR WG 78: Wright <i>et al.</i> (1991) method

Alteration products:

Cis-isomers

Culture from which SCOR data were obtained:

Porphyridium purpureum (red alga),
Chroomonas salina (cryptomonad)

Additional reference(s):

Goodwin (1980)